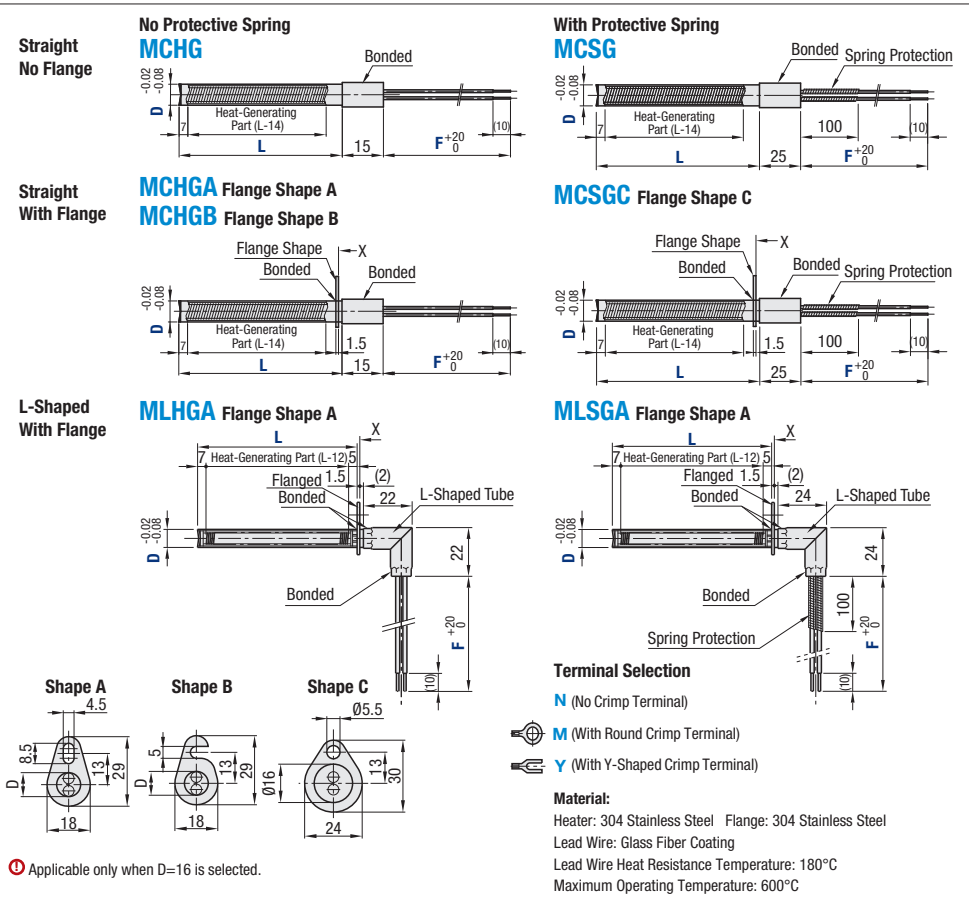
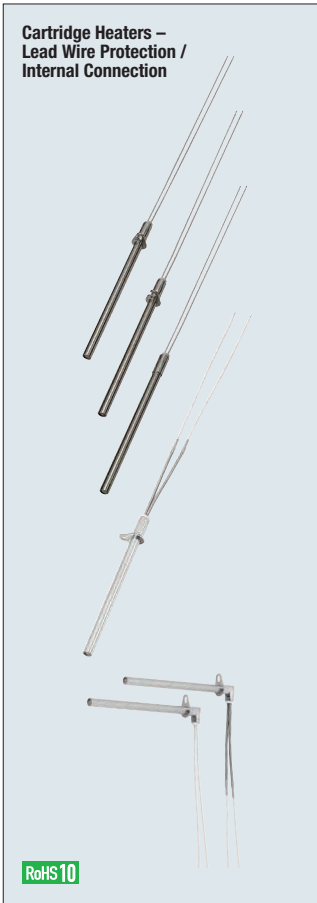


Cartridge Heaters

Lead Wire Protection / Internal Connection



Part Number		L 1 mm Increment	V (Voltage) Selection				W (Electrical Power) 10 W Increment	F (Lead Wire Length) 10 mm Increment	Terminal Selection
Type	D								
No Protective Spring MCHG	8	50-400	100	110	200	220	50-500 50-1100	300-1000	N M Y
	10		100	110	200	220	50-600 50-1600		
With Protective Spring MCSG	12		100	110	200	220	50-900 50-1800		
	16		100	110	200	220	50-1000 50-2000		

Part Number		L 1 mm Increment	V (Voltage) Selection				W (Electrical Power) 10 W Increment	F (Lead Wire Length) 10 mm Increment	Terminal Selection
Type	D								
No Protective Spring MCHGA MCHGB MLHGA	8	50-400	100	110	200	220	50-500 50-1100	300-1000	N M Y
	10		100	110	200	220	50-600 50-1600		
	12		100	110	200	220	50-900 50-1800		
With Protective Spring MCSGC	16			100	110	200	220		

ⓘ $2 \leq W/cm^2 \leq 15$ W/cm² = $W/(D \times (L-14) \times 100)$ *L-12 for Shape L
(Calculate with the electrical power density of heat-generating part, not with the full length.)

Part Number Example

Part Number - L - V - W - F - Terminal

MCHGA8 - 150 - V200 - W250 - F500 - N

ⓘ Please refer to "Precautions for Use" in the Cartridge Heaters Overview on P.3704.

Precautions for Use

- Do not let heater run idle in the atmosphere. Operating the heater when heat-generating part is out of heated products, the wire may break due to abnormal heating.
- Keep the temperature around the lead wire exit at 180°C or less.
- Cartridge Heater with protective spring is recommended for a use at a moving part.

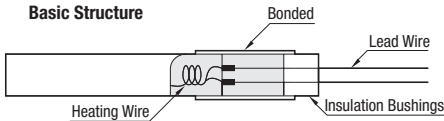
Type of Terminal

Symbols	Type of Terminal	Nominal Size of Screw
N	No Crimp Terminal	—
M	Crimp Terminal – Round Type	M4
Y	Crimp Terminal – Y-Shaped	M4

Features

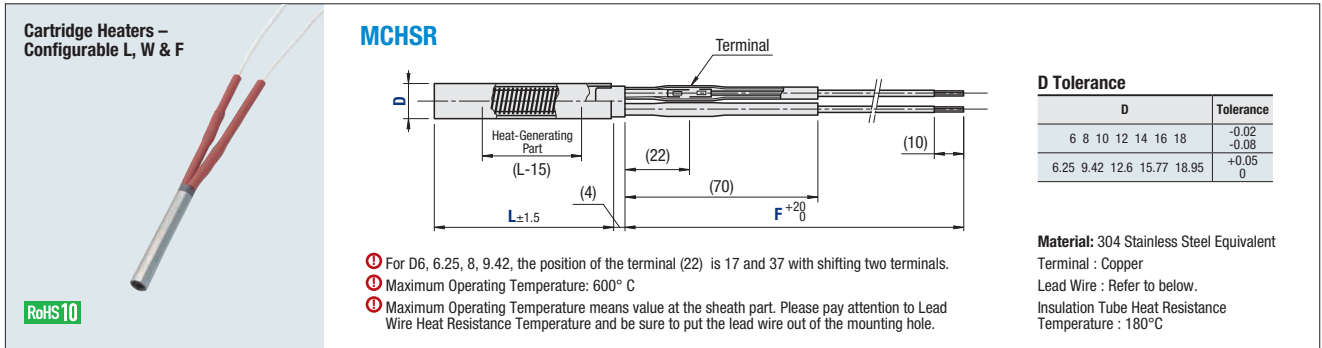
- Heat generating wire and lead wire are connected in stainless steel sheath.
- Since crimp terminal is not exposed, it has stronger structure against breakage due to bending and vibration.

Basic Structure



Cartridge Heaters

Configurable L, W & F



Configurable L, W & F

Part Number		L 5mm Increments	V (Voltage)	W (Electric Power) 10W Increment	F (Lead Wire)		Electrical Power Density (W/cm ²)	
Type	D				Lead Wire Type	10mm Increment		
MCHSR	6	50-250	100	50-500	G Silicon Rubber Wire	100-1000	<div>① $2 \leq W/cm^2 \leq 15$ W/cm²= $W/(D \pi (L-15)/100)$ Calculate with the electrical power density of heat- generating part, not with the overall length.</div>	
			110	50-500				
			200	60-600				
			220	80-600				
	6.25 1/4 inch		100	50-500				
			110	50-500				
			200	60-600				
			220	80-600				
	8	50-400	100	50-600				
			110	50-600				
			200	50-1200				
			220	70-1200				
	9.42 3/8 inch		100	50-600				
			110	50-600				
			200	50-1200				
			220	70-1200				
	10	50-600	100	50-600				
			110	50-600				
			200	50-1200				
			220	70-1200				
	12		100	50-800				
			110	50-800				
			200	50-1600				
			220	70-1600				
	12.6 1/2 inch		100	50-800				
			110	50-800				
			200	50-1600				
			220	70-1600				
	14		100	50-800				
			110	50-800				
			200	60-1600				
			220	80-1600				
	15.77 5/8 inch		100	50-800				
			110	60-800				
			200	70-1600				
			220	90-1600				
	16		100	50-800				
			110	50-800				
			200	60-1600				
			220	90-1600				
	18		100	50-800				
			110	60-800				
			200	100-1600				
			220	130-1600				
	18.95 3/4 inch		100	50-800				
			110	60-800				
			200	100-1600				
			220	130-1600				

- ⓘ The specified increment for the L dimension has been changed to a 5 mm increment.
ⓘ MCHSR is not available between L301-L600 for D6 and D6.25, and between L401-600 for D8 and D9.42.
ⓘ Please refer to "Precautions for Use" in the Cartridge Heaters Overview on P.3704.

Part Number Example

Part Number - L - V - W - F Lead Wire

MCHSR12.6 - 60 - V200 - W80 - T 500

Lead Wire Type

Symbol	Lead Wire Type	Heat Resistance Temperature	Features
G	Silicon Rubber + Tin Plated Annealed Copper Wire	180°C	For chemical and water resistant items
T	Teflon + Nickel Plated Annealing Copper Wire	260°C	For chemical, water and weather resistant items
*M	Mica Polyimide-Wound Silica + Nickel Coated Copper Wire	400°C	For heat resistant items

Application Example

Precautions for Use

- Do not let heater run exposed in the atmosphere. Operating the heater when heat-generating part is out of heated products, the wire may break or ignite due to abnormal heating.
- Pay attention to insulation tube as it is easy to fall off.
- Keep the temperature around the lead wire exit at 130°C or less.

