# **Non-Contact Positioning Switches**

#### **Overview**

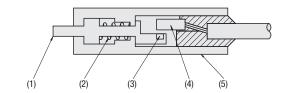
#### **Feature**

- The contact type switch can detect objects in given positions regardless of material and color.
- Non contact structure utilizing the magnet detection IC (Hall effect element).
- Able to detect with low contact force.



When the contact shaft strokes, the magnet moves and the hall effect element outputs a signal.

- (1) Contact Part
- (2) Spring
- (3) Magnet (4) Hall Effect Element IC
- (5) Housing



# **Specifications**

Stroke	1.5/3/6		
Repeatability	0.02 or less		
Contact Mechanism	NO (Normally Open)		
Hysteresis	0.1 or Less		
Service Life*	10 Million Times or More		
Frequency Response	1 msec. or Less		
	NPN Open Collector		
25 mA or Less	Without LED: MAX 15 mA		
	With LED: MAX 12 mA		

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to the following conditions

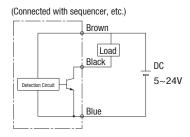
# **Endurance Test Conditions**

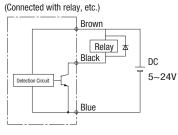
Liluulailee lest oollultiolis					
Operating Temp.	25°C				
Vibrations	Not provided				
Contact Angle	Vertical (Without declination)				
Operation Frequency	1 time/sec.				

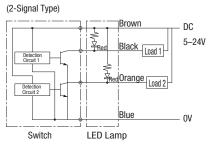
# **Ratings & Environmental Resistance**

Power Supply Voltage	DC5-24V			
Current Consumption	10 mA or Less			
Operating Temp.	0-60° 10MΩ (DC250V Based on Megohm-meter)			
Dielectric Strength				
Withstand Voltage	AC500V 50/60 Hz, 1 min. between each terminal and case			
Vibration Resistance	10–55 Hz, Stroke of 1.5 mm in Respective X, Y, Z Direction			

# **Schematics**







Do not use this product as a detection device for human body protection.

(For human body protection, use products compliant with the local laws and regulations such as OSHA, ANSI, and IEC)

#### **Precautions for Use**

Although the switches are intended to be trouble-free, incorporate a redundant safety measure such as a duplex circuit to avoid a serious accident or spread of damage caused by a malfunction or failure of the switch.

## **Design Precautions**

#### **Contact Angle**

- The object contact angle to the switch should be within  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ .
- Do not force the contacts beyond the end of the stroke.
- Provide a stopper if necessary.
- Do not apply any force that will cause rotation of the contact.

#### **Effects of Magnetic Field**

- Do not use the switch in a strong magnetic field. A magnetic field over 1,000 gauss will cause the switch to malfunction

#### **Cautions on Installation**

#### **Cable Failure at Inlet**

- Do not apply excessive stress to the cable inlet of the switch case, the solders of cable could be damaged resulting in signal output failures.
- If the cable is not fixed, fasten at appropriate midway points to avoid strains on cable inlet.

### **Nut Tightening Torque**

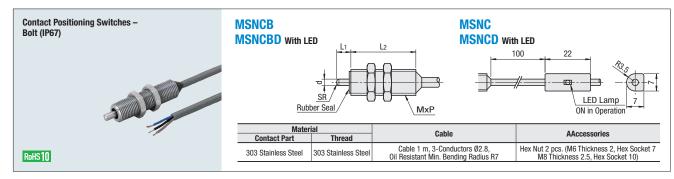
- Tighten M6 under 1Nm. Tighten M8 and M14 under 2.7 N·m.

#### **Wiring Precautions**

- Connect the wires correctly in accordance with the circuit diagram. Never connect the power supply in reversed polarity.
- When a relay (under 12 mA) is driven, connect a reversed diode in parallel.

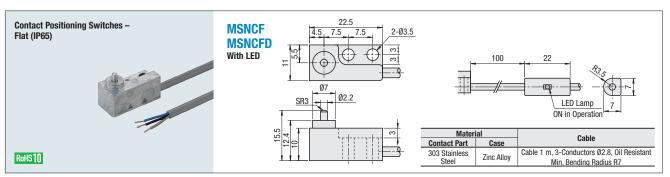
# **Contact Positioning Switches**

Bolt / Flat / 2-Signal



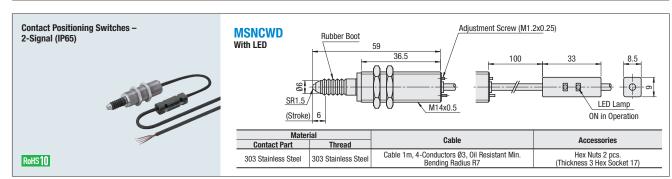
#### Bolt

Part N	ımber MxP		On another Delet	Contact Force				op.	Mass
Туре	Stroke	(Fine)	Operating Point	N	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	a	SR	(g)
MSNCB MSNCBD	1.2	M6 x 0.5		0.3	2.4	18.5	1.4	1	14
MSNC	1.5	0.5 from Tip (Repeatability 0.02) 0.4	0.4	4	20	2	2.5	15	
MSNCD	3	M8 x 0.75		0.7	5	30	2.6	3	22



# Flat

Pai	Number	Oti P-i-t	Contact Force	Mass (g)	
Туре	Stroke	Operating Point	N		
MSNCF MSNCFD	3	0.5 from Tip (Repeatability 0.02)	0.5	17	



#### 2-Signal

Part Number Example

Part Number		Chualca	Contact Force N		Operating Point	Mass
Туре	No. of Signals	Stroke	min.	max.	Setting Range	(g)
MSNCWD	2	6	0.5	1.5	0.5–4 (Repeatability 0.02)	60

Part Number

Feature: Operating point can be freely selected within setting range by turning adjusting screw with precision slotted screwdriver (1.6 mm in edge width).





